

## Features:

- High accuracy digital paddlewheel technology.
- 1-1/2" through 12 " and 50 mm through 315 mm pipe sizes.
- Flow rate from 15 to 8000 GPM ( 70 to 27000 LPM).
- Mounts vertically or horizontally.
- NEMA 4X (IP56) enclosure (not for direct sunlight).


## Specifications:

Pipe Requirements:
(Inch dimensions) ...........IPS pipe size (ASTM-D-1785)
(Metric dimensions) ........Metric pipe size (DIN 8062)
Max. Psi (bar): ............... 300 PSI (20 bar) @ $70^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
Max. fluid temp.: ..........PVDF saddle, $200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(93^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) @ 0$ PSI
PVC saddle, $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ @ 0 PSI
Full scale accuracy: $\qquad$

## Materials of Construction:

Saddle:.................................................PVDF or PVC
Sensor, paddlewheel, axle: $\qquad$ .PVDF

## Installation Requirements:

Minimum Straight Pipe Length Requirements
The meter's accuracy is affected by disturbances such as pumps, elbows, tees, valves, etc., in the flow stream. Install the meter in a straight run of pipe as far as possible from any disturbances. The distance required for accuracy will depend on the type of disturbance.

| Type Of Disturbance | Minimum Inlet Pipe Length | Minimum Outlet Pipe Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flange | $10 \times$ Pipe I.D. | $5 \times$ Pipe I.D. |
| Reducer | $15 \times$ Pipe I.D. | $5 \times$ Pipe I.D. |
| $90^{\circ}$ Elbow | $20 \times$ Pipe I.D. | $5 \times$ Pipe I.D. |
| Two Elbows -1 Direction | $25 \times$ Pipe I.D. | $5 \times$ Pipe I.D. |
| Two Elbows -2 Directions | $40 \times$ Pipe I.D. | $5 \times$ Pipe I.D. |
| Pump Or Gate Valves | $50 \times$ Pipe I.D. | $5 \times$ Pipe I.D. |



Angle Mount on Horizontal Pipe


Vertical Mount

## Mounting location

- The meter is designed to withstand outdoor conditions. A cool, dry location, where the unit can be easily serviced is recommended.
- The meter can be mounted on horizontal or vertical runs of pipe. Mounting at the vertical (twelve o'clock) position on horizontal pipe is recommended. Mounting anywhere around the diameter of vertical pipe is acceptable, however, the pipe must be completely full of water at all times. Back pressure is essential on downward flows. See the minimum straight length of pipe requirement chart above.
- The meter can accurately measure flow from either direction.


## DigiFlo Digital Paddlewheel Meters

## Dimensions:



| Pipe Size | A | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-1/2" (50mm) | 4-5/16" (110) | 3-3/16" (81) |
| 2" (63mm) | 4-5/16" (110) | 3-3/16" (81) |
| 2-1/2" (75mm) | 4-5/16" (110) | $3-3 / 16$ " (81) |
| 3" (90mm) | 4-5/16" (110) | 3-3/16" (81) |
| 4" (110mm) | 4-5/16" (110) | 3-3/16" (81) |
| $6 "$ ( 160 mm ) | 4-1/4" (108) | 3-3/16" (81) |
| 8" (200mm) | 4-1/4" (108) | 3-3/16" (81) |
| 10" (250mm) | 4-1/4" (108) | 4-1/2" (114) |
| $12^{\prime \prime}(315 \mathrm{~mm})$ | 4-1/4" (108) | 4-1/2" (114) |



## Flow Stream Requirements:

Measuring accuracy requires a fully developed turbulent flow profile. Pulsating, swirling and other disruptions in the flow stream will effect accuracy. Flow conditions with a Reynolds Number greater than 4000 will result in a fully developed turbulent flow. A Reynolds Number less than 2000 is laminar flow and may result in inaccurate readings

$$
\text { REYNOLDS NUMBER }=\frac{3160 \times Q \times G}{D \times V}
$$

Where:
Flow rate of the fluid in GPM = Q
Specific gravity of the fluid = G
Pipe inside diameter in inches = D
Fluid viscocity in centepoise $=\mathrm{V}$


## Pipe Size, Flow Range and Display Model Options:

## Models for U.S. IPS Sch40 Pipe (ASTM 1785) Display in U.S. Gallons per Minute

| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pipe } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | GPM <br> Flow Range | RATE ONLY Model Number | TOTAL ONLY Model Number | RATE \& TOTAL Model Number | Pipe <br> Size | LPM <br> Flow Range | RATE ONLY Model Number | TOTAL ONLY Model Number | RATE \& TOTAL Model Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5" | 15 to 150 | RB-150S4-GPM1 | TB-150S4-GPM1 | RT-150S4-GPM1 | 50 mm | 70 to 700 | RB-050P0-LPM1 | TB-050P0-LPM1 | RT-050P0-LPM1 |
| 2" | 30 to 300 | RB-200S4-GPM1 | TB-200S4-GPM1 | RT-200S4-GPM1 | 63 mm | 110 to 1100 | RB-063P0-LPM1 | TB-063P0-LPM1 | RT-063P0-LPM1 |
| 2.5 " | 40 to 400 | RB-250S4-GPM1 | TB-250S4-GPM1 | RT-250S4-GPM1 | 75 mm | 150 to 1500 | RB-075P0-LPM1 | TB-075P0-LPM1 | RT-075P0-LPM1 |
| 3" | 60 to 600 | RB-300S4-GPM1 | TB-300S4-GPM1 | RT-300S4-GPM1 | 90 mm | 230 to 2300 | RB-090P0-LPM1 | TB-090P0-LPM1 | RT-090P0-LPM1 |
| 4" | 100 to 1000 | RB-400S4-GPM1 | TB-400S4-GPM1 | RT-400S4-GPM1 | 110 mm | 350 to 3500 | RB-110P0-LPM1 | TB-110P0-LPM1 | RT-110P0-LPM1 |
| 6 " | 250 to 2500 | RB-600S4-GPM1 | TB-600S4-GPM1 | RT-600S4-GPM1 | 160 mm | 720 to 7200 | RB-160P0-LPM1 | TB-160P0-LPM1 | RT-160P0-LPM1 |
| 8" | 400 to 4000 | RB-800S4-GPM1 | TB-800S4-GPM1 | RT-800S4-GPM1 | 200 mm | 1150 to 11500 | RB-200P0-LPM1 | TB-200P0-LPM1 | RT-200P0-LPM1 |
| $10^{\prime \prime}$ | 600 to 6000 | RB-1000S4-GPM1 | TB-1000S4-GPM1 | RT-1000S4-GPM1 | 250 mm | 1700 to 17000 | RB-250P0-LPM1 | TB-250P0-LPM1 | RT-250P0-LPM1 |
| 12 " | 800 to 8000 | RB-1200S4-GPM1 | B-1200S4-GPM | RT-1200S4-GPM1 | 315 mm | 2700 to 27000 | RB-315P0-LPM1 | TB-315P0-LPM1 | RT-315P0-LPM1 |

